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Comment on Passing Events.

By Frederic Heath

British Socialists are going to the rescue of the luckless employees of the Kiraifys, whose long hours and over work have excited the pity of all who have been made acquainted with the situation. Under the Kiraifys the show business appears to be a daily slavery, extending over the entire waking hours.

The trend of the times is shown when editors of well known medical journals have up for discussion the question as to whether drugs will be discarded by physicians in the future. The opinion is expressed that more and more drug-giving will be abandoned. More and more the laity are studying into the cause and nature of disease and seeking nature's methods of avoiding disease and recouping health, and the doctors have to reckon with this tendency.

If the officials of the National Manufacturers' Association had any tactical sense, they would join the Civic Federation, thus getting into closer touch with Gompers and the others, and bottle Sammy up for their purposes just as Belmont and his class of schemers bottled him up for theirs. For, now that the Civic Federation has taken for its chief note the fighting of Socialism, the manufacturers can present a very good reason for getting together with the Belmontites.

A Prof. Monaghan was one of the speakers at a western Catholic chautauqua and pled for the day when men like Hill and Rockefeller "would cease to be hated, for they would divide with their less fortunate brothers."

How easy it is to imagine monsters of human greed, who have elbowed their way to the hog's portion, turning round and dividing with the others! All you have to do is to strain your imagination far enough to believe in such an eventuality!

The speaker said that the big capitalists, when that great time came, would pay back to the men who helped them make their wealth a "juster" share of the proceeds of their labor than they get now. Now, as nothing can be "juster" than just, labor would be well satisfied to get its just share and the professor could go tell his "juster" tale to the marines.

It must not be forgotten, however, that when labor gets its just share the plunder game known as the capitalist system will have to go out of business.

"For my own part, I find it difficult to understand how any sane man can see the people of England, and Germany, and America all

starving simultaneously, as they are, because in each of these countries there are too many of the things that these same starving people need, because of the necessarily growing disparity between the value of the product of modern industry and the purchasing power of its slaves and victims—I find it difficult, I repeat, to see how any sane man can see and realize this and not believe a cataclysmic revolution not only inevitable, but a consummation devoutly to be wished."

So writes Robert Rives La Mont in a British Social-Democratic magazine.

So do we all see the horror of the situation, but who is to guarantee that the workers will land right side up with care, on their feet, after such a convulsion as he indicates?

The heart feels the wrong, of course, but the head must decide what the thing devoutly to be desired shall be. Impulse says smash, but deliberation says do it as peacefully as is possible.

Elsewhere we print a part of the International Bureau's manifesto regarding the tour of the czar. The tour is now in progress, but has been a bitter humiliation to the bloody ruler, if such a creature is capable of feeling humiliation.

He was afraid to enter Germany, on account of the widespread opposition stirred up by the Socialists, and so he met Emperor William on board a ship.

In England the Socialists and unionists kicked up a row against the meeting between Nicholas and King Edward, and the latter was deeply mortified and called the working people various names.

The czar was also going down to Italy to see King Humbert, but the Socialists there declared that if the tyrant came there they would inaugurate a general strike as a protest against his presence. Bitter speeches were made by the Socialists in parliament, and the proposed visit was abandoned, for the time being at least, by the czar.

All credit to the working people of Europe for their self-respecting protest!

Let the gory monster slay within his own shambles!

What will be the final position of the Catholic church toward Socialism? Who can say?

The opinion with a large number is that it will be the final bulwark of capitalism against the cry of the people for emancipation from wage slavery; indeed, it is already taking the capitalist side of the struggle

quite openly. But whether it will continue thus, unblushingly and unequivocally, much as that is indicated now, who can say?

It has been on the wrong side of many big questions and later changed when sentiment was too strong to withstand.

It was in favor of slavery. It has fought science. It has been against the theory of evolution, and then switched.

Its stand against the public education is well known. Its stand against modernism is manifestly a losing one.

And now its own magazines are discussing Socialism in a way that shows how hard it has to work to keep the heaven out.

"The Catholic who can see no adequate remedy for present industrial ills except in some moderate form of economic Socialism has a right to as much moral freedom as other Catholics with respect to other theories and practices," declares a Catholic professor in a recent Catholic review.

This is a sample of many such things that are being said. There is a lot of Socialist sentiment inside the church—and how could it be otherwise with conditions as they are?—which the head politicians of the church will find it pretty hard to stamp out.

Our esteemed St. Louis contemporary, *Labor*, is letting in the light on that recent investigation of the meat trust packing houses by the government. The articles are written by a man who signs himself "A Stock Yards Slave."

"The recent investigation of the Harms-Bischop charges was a first-class official whitewash of the East St. Louis packing houses under the supervision and management of the department of agriculture in Washington, D. C.," he says. He says the government investigators ought to be investigated.

The charges were made by the government inspector, Harms, at East St. Louis, and alleged that large amounts of bad meat were being put on the market, not only in St. Louis, but all over the country.

The charges seem to have been made at an inopportune time. The meat trust was exposed and damned in the public eye a few years ago only because Upton Sinclair's book, "The Jungle," was so widely read that escape on the part of the government was impossible.

The Harms charges are declared harmless by the investigators, who first attempted to hold their investigation behind closed doors! The government report says that all but two of Harms' witnesses failed to sustain his charges, to which "Stock Yards Slave" replies that this was so simply because the witnesses knew that they would be turned out on the streets breadless if they said anything against their employers.

The packers are now using the government report for advertising purposes in the country papers—and it seems to have been fixed up for that purpose.

The result of an investigation into the standard of living of workingmen's families in New York City, carried on with money supplied by the Russell Sage Foundation, has just been made public in a volume edited by Robert Coit Chapin.

The showing is a verification of the claim of the Socialists that poverty for working people is the other

The Capitalist Inferno

Dynamite Is Advised.

New York, July 12.—"Five dollars' worth of dynamite, placed under the cornerstone of the Chicago University divinity school, would be about the best thing that could happen to the young men of this country," declares the Rev. John Wesley Hill, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, answering the stinging magazine article by Prof. Herbert L. Willett. "So far as I can see," added Dr. Hill, "that institution is filled with sensation-seeking individuals, filled with one purpose of undermining the country's ideas of God and religion, of manhood and womanhood."

Stole to Live.

Milwaukee, July 21.—I was starving on the streets of Milwaukee and desperate," was the statement of Charles Edwards, a well dressed man with apparently refined bearing, in district court Saturday.

A grocer at 519 St. Paul avenue declared that he caught Edwards stealing a can of salmon.

"Necessity knows no law," said Edwards in court Saturday. "I am a druggist and came to Milwaukee from Chicago on July 1 in search of work. I could find none. My last few pennies were spent. For twenty-four hours I had not tasted food. I was ravenous. I saw a can of salmon in the grocery. It did not mean much to the grocerman, but it spelled life for me."

Investigation showed the man's story to be absolutely true in every detail.

side of the shield of prosperity for the few under capitalism.

Families of normal size (consisting of father, mother, and three children under fourteen years of age) were selected as far as possible, and with the aid of an elaborate schedule prepared by the committee (facsimiles of which are shown in the report) every item of expenditure was recorded.

In all 642 schedules were received: 57 from volunteers, 34 from trades unions, and 551 from paid workers. Of this number 251 were rejected, because they were incomplete, or palpably inaccurate. Among the conclusions which may be drawn from the report are these: That increase in wages HAS NOT KEPT PACE with increase in COST OF LIVING;

That under-feeding, over-crowding, and other bad conditions due to inadequate income, and for which society, as the individual who suffers from them, is responsible, are almost universal among the unskilled and semi-skilled working population of our large cities, leading to disease, crime, poverty, and dependence;

That wages in New York City MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE FOR A LARGE PORTION OF THE WORKING POPULATION TO SECURE A HEALTHFUL MORAL ENVIRONMENT and attain industrial efficiency;

That prevailing rates of wages in New York do not, as a rule, admit of a standard of living necessary to maintain physical, mental and moral efficiency is clearly demonstrated by the reports.

It is well to have such accusing facts authentically established. Russell Sage, skintint and wealth-heaper, did not live his grasping life in vain after all—or rather his death was not in vain, for now "his" money is doing some social service.

The verdict in the Gingles case in Chicago—finding that the girl did not steal lace as charged (which was the real subject of the trial), and adding that the charges against the alleged white slave, the Bar-

rette woman, were untrue—is as suspicious as most of the other things in connection with the case.

In a certain sense, the city administration was on trial, and its powerful subterranean work to protect itself was evident in almost every direction—even in the press reports.

It is charged that there was a fixed juror. Said one of the jurors, Sporleder, to the *Chicago American*: "We were agreed as to the guilt or innocence of Miss Gingles. None of us believed that she stole the lace. Eleven of us believed that the terrible story she told was true. There was one man who refused to believe it. He declared that it was 'cooked up' and would ruin Miss Barrette and the hotel, and he for one would not put his official approval on it, even by his silence. He insisted all the time that he would not vote unless we wrote in to the verdict that which you will find there now—a denial of the story."

The juror referred to is said to be E. G. Carberry, a city salesman. And it must be added that the states attorney, Wayman, who now has a grand jury in session, is equally under suspicion of prostituting justice.

All in all, it is a fine situation for Americans to contemplate. Such things ought to make them very respectful of our system of justice, as administered by politicians elevated into positions of dignity!

Most of the jurors talked freely of the case. Eight stood for acquittal from the start, and all but one believed the story of the Wellington bedhouse hotel tortures. Said one:

"Several of us thought that the state should have subpoenaed witnesses in this case who could have proved the Gingles girl guilty or innocent beyond a doubt. We thought that Jesse Roher, a guest at the Wellington hotel, who was mentioned in the case, should have been summoned, and also the two men who are said to have been in the company of Agnes Barrette at 2710 Indiana avenue on the night of Feb. 16, when the girl said she was assaulted at the Wellington. Another thing, we were not wholly satisfied with the testimony which came from Canada. Some of it was not as convincing as we thought it should be."

The Canadian testimony consisted chiefly of that of Miss Gingles' former employer, who turns out to now be a street shoe promoter.

More than the testimony of Miss Gingles, the conduct of the administration shows that the case presents a loose end for the unraveling of the white slave problem in Chicago. States Atty. Wayman now announces that he proposes to set his grand jury to work to find if there is any connection between the police and the white slavers.

Last Wednesday an unlooked-for development appeared. All of a sudden, the grand jury got busy and brought in indictments against the redlight and wide-open law-breakers under Mayor Busse. Thus it appears that the public sentiment aroused by the Socialists has forced the hand of the prosecutor and that he found it necessary, in spite of his bluff about there being no evidence, to get busy.

A "philosopher and statesman" has been installed in Chancellor von Buelow's place in Germany. What kind of philosophy he holds may readily be guessed.

Old-Age Pensions for the People

By Victor L. Berger.

THE question of establishing a public and obligatory system of insurance against accidents, sickness and old age is now gradually coming to the front in labor circles. It is therefore necessary to have a clear understanding of the possible forms of such an insurance. At the same time, we in America cannot follow the German or any other European model, for the simple reason that our political conditions do not permit it.

First of all, we must reckon with the present dualism in the power of the United States and the single states.

Of course, a uniform system would be the first thing to be considered, and therefore it should be made the business of the national government.

No legal difficulties seem to lie in the way of this, so far as pensions only are concerned. Congress has not only granted military pensions on the largest scale, but also civil pensions from time to time, without encountering the slightest opposition as far as the principle is concerned. The constitution nowhere expressly forbids it.

Therefore congress can most probably decree that every person on attaining a certain age shall be paid so much per month out of the United States treasury.

Probably there would also be no objection to its making certain conditions—for instance, that the pensioner must be able to earn his living by physical labor, and that a foreigner must have been a resident of this country for a stated time.

But congress probably could not impose a tax for an old-age pension fund, because it is not expressly empowered by the constitution to do so, and such taxes do not come at all under the provisions for the power of congress to levy taxes.

This is, however, no hindrance to the project. It is only a hindrance to raising special taxes for such a fund. But these we do not need, nor do we need a special fund for invalids. The requisite moneys can be procured from the general taxes, as for military pensions.

We must, therefore, for legal as well as practical reasons, abstain from any kind of special tax, or special fund, for the aged.

What we want from the national legislature is not insurance, but simply a pension. And it must be a national, not a state, pension.

Otherwise, apart from the fact that many states are unable to carry out such a measure, the emigration from one state to another, would create all kinds of difficulties. If every state had separate pension legislation for its inhabitants, it would be compelled to set a long "waiting limit" for emigrants from other states, and that would seriously interfere with the "moving liberty" of the people.

Although old-age pensions must, therefore, be a national affair, yet the United States cannot constitutionally levy direct taxes or tariffs for special purposes, and there is no other way than to cover the expenses by general taxes and duties.

The question, how large would be the number of pensioners, is answered by the census. If 65 years is taken as the pension age, there will be about a million of pensioners, of whom a considerable part now draw military pensions, and so can be placed either on one list or the other. If a pension of \$5 a month is allowed, the expense for a year would be \$180,000,000. This is by no means a very "dangerous sum."

Therefore we need not lose any sleep because of the question of covering these expenses. The United States can easily stand this expense.

If a lower age limit (the age of 60 or 55) and a larger pension were demanded, even at the beginning, even such a demand may be considered. Nevertheless, it might be wise to content ourselves with a more modest beginning. How a thing grows by degrees we may clearly see in the case of the military pensions. And many more people—and votes—stand behind military pensions, particularly if an equal right is given to women. The compelling force of such a mass of people would raise the pensions, little by little, to the desired amount and the desired age limit.

At first, the simplest possible bill should be drawn up. It should specify that every person who reaches a certain age has a right to a pension of a certain amount. As to immigrants, it should stipulate how long they must reside in this country to become entitled to a pension.

Perhaps we might be wise to leave property conditions quite untouched, and to make the pension dependent only on age. Otherwise, there would be an immense number of perjuries.

The proof of old age is easy to produce. Penalties for infringements of the law should be provided, and the method of administration established.

A connection with the present pension system is to be recommended. Any lawyer could draw up such a bill.

It is not even necessary that technically it should be absolutely unassailable, since it will pass through many changes before it becomes a law.

Victor L. Berger

that is beginning to think for itself and no longer relies on the word of political tricksters. You are driving the old machines more where they ought to be, to a single party, a foe with a single organization, one head—capitalism, the despoiler of man's welfare.

"Socialism was born in poverty and stricken in need. Men have been suppressed, exiled, lied about, and even killed, for Socialism. Even now they are trying to take away the freedom of the press because it may advocate Socialism.

The Workers Prevent War

"Once, when the workers became restless, a war was started, so that the workers of one nation would kill off the workers of another. Now the party from one country sends representatives to the other, and they settle the dispute. Kings and emperors dare not make war in the face of the party. They dare not because they can not tell what the workers will do. They fear that the workers of one nation will not consent to cut the throats of the workmen of another.

"We live on the verge of a new time period, because of the Socialist movement. It is small yet, to be true, and even in Milwaukee it is not what it ought to be. It is but in the process of birth, so to speak. The power is growing, and will soon be greater than kings and emperors. It is the new world power. In all nationalities it causes men to think. They see for the first time

their own interests. They see for the first time that they must fight not merely for wealth nor for land, nor for the slaughter of defenseless people. It is not a struggle of capitalism, nor imperialism, nor one in which pirates subject pirates always in the interests of pirates. It is the struggle of the men who produce the wealth of the world against those who steal it.

People Are Thinking

"A new thought enters the minds of the workers. The old was 'strike and starve'. With it men were driven to desperation while their children were in need. When exploited and robbed, there was but one recourse, 'strike and starve'.

"Today men think. They are learning to know the value of industrial and political solidarity. They have a new watchword, greater and more inspiring than the old, but as true—'Vote and conquer'. Strikes were desired by neither laborer nor Socialist, and were undertaken as a last resort. When lost, they meant suffering, despair and poverty. There was naught then to do but starve.

"Now it is different. Even when starving, you have the power to vote. You can mass together and express your joint voice at the polls. When the workmen and their friends mass together at the polls, then will the program of international brotherhood begin, and then only.

"You have but one thing to do: Go, vote, and conquer!"

Labor's Building Is Now in Sight

Since our announcement a week ago over \$250 worth of stock of (The People's Realty Company has been sold. This makes the total subscribed considerably over \$12,000. The amount paid in is over \$9,500. At this rate, the site will be paid for in a few months. Just as soon as this occurs active building operations will be begun.

When this project was first started many of our good old comrades shook their heads dubiously and felt greatly alarmed about the early success of such a great venture. But the Social-Democratic movement is growing, and as it grows it demands bigger and greater things all the time. The new venture means an investment of about \$50,000. Nothing running anywhere near as high as that in cost has ever been ventured by the party before. Yet, all things con-

sidered, there is no reason to feel astonished at the rapidity with which money is being raised for the new building.

We have made many inquiries concerning the rates of rent paid in this vicinity, and find that they run from 3 cents per square foot per month upward. Estimating that the proposed new site and building will cost about \$50,000, an income of \$600 per month, or \$7,200 per year, can be had by charging an average of only 2 cents per square foot per month. With a fine, new, modern building in this splendid location, it ought to be very easy to rent all the space at rates of 25 to 30 per cent lower than elsewhere. We have already published figures to show results if the mortgage were paid in 30 years. Here is what it looks like if the mortgage be paid in 25 years:

BUILDING, THREE STORIES AND BASEMENT.	
\$50,000 Investment	
Capital stock.....	\$15,000.00
Mortgage or bonds.....	35,000.00
Mortgage or bonds payable in 25 yearly installments.	
Expenses per year.	
Taxes.....	\$ 600.00
Repairs.....	500.00
Janitor service (rent free).....	720.00
Water.....	80.00
Coal.....	600.00
Insurance.....	200.00
Renovating, bookkeeping, etc.....	300.00
Operating expenses, per yr.....	\$3,000.00
4 per cent sinking fund on \$35,000.00 to pay mortgage of \$50,000.00 in 25 years.....	1,400.00
5 per cent interest on \$35,000.00 bonds or mortgage, average for 25 years.....	\$75.00
6 per cent dividends on \$15,000 stock.....	900.00
Yearly losses on rent.....	300.00
Surplus.....	7,200.00
\$7,000.00	

Unlike other stock companies, where returns (dividends) are never forthcoming until an income from the business is established, it has been arranged to pay 4 per cent

interest during the time in which the building is being erected. This 4 per cent will not be paid out of the money paid in for capital stock.

(Continued on page 4.)

Thirty Thousand Cheer at Milwaukee Picnic

Milwaukee: This year's Social-Democratic state picnic was a big success—with fine weather, a record-breaking crowd, and a ripping good speech by that most likeable of comrades, National Committeeman Robert Hunter of New York. There were in attendance delegations from all over the state of Wisconsin—from Sheboygan, Oshkosh, Madison, Stevens Point, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha, Manitowish, Marinette, Two Rivers, LaCrosse, Eau Claire, Ashland, Superior, and many other cities.

The children were all turned loose in the afternoon, and they spent most of their time in the various amusement concessions, while the parents crowded into the pavilion to hear the address of Comrade Hunter. But, because of the great crowd, not more than 25 per cent of those present were able to hear the speaker.

Comrade Hunter was introduced by Ald. Edmund T. Melms, after the United Socialist Singing Societies had rendered two selections in inspiring style, one of them the never-old Marseilles hymn, with its modern words. The speech was a straightforward one, punctuated here and there with a pleasant story, to ease up the tension, as when he jocosely remarked that Social-Democracy in Milwaukee had given the boodlers and things so

scared that they did not dare to steal even a postage stamp, for fear Victor Berger and the rest were looking.

Labor's Weapon

Comrade Hunter said, in part: "I shall speak of Socialism, not as a theory, not as Utopia, not as the philosophy of life, but as a weapon in the hands of the working classes. In my travels through Belgium, France, England, and other European countries, I have discovered one fact—the same that Karl Marx taught. The workers should have their own party, to be used as a weapon to demand and secure reforms. This power they should have in their hands. Milwaukee proves that it is mightier than the sword. Sigfried or the hammer of Thor. You are now able to do things that were visionary before.

"In all times the thought of the world has been divided by religious and political differences. But a new era is dawning. We are beginning to feel a new power—the power of unity that was not known before. This is Socialism."

He then spoke of Karl Marx, who, he said, did not wait for evolution, but took time by the forelock, organizing the working class into a separate and distinct party, which has grown so that it is on the verge of complete triumph in

every white man's country except our own.

"We find it in Germany, in England—in short, throughout Europe—a strong, vigorous party, with representatives in the parliaments, forcing the demands of the common people, bringing terror into the hearts of the old political parties, so that even the most disreputable of the old politicians are granting reforms in order to win you back.

The Power That Wins

"Before you banded together you could get nothing. Do the old parties give because they are charitable? No; but because you are a power, because you are, let us say, wielding a big stick. That big stick makes them notice you, and fear you.

"Here, as Socialism grows more powerful, even the disreputable parties give you reforms, in an effort to gain you back to or keep you within the party lines.

"You, in Milwaukee, are too intelligent to be fooled by such trickery. You remember that as long as there were but the Republican and Democratic parties you never had reform. But now, with that little weapon, the Social-Democratic party, you get them."

Proud of Milwaukee

"Socialism is proud of Milwaukee, proud of the mass in this city

The Rich and the Despoiled

The Shocking Contrasts of Their Lives

Mrs. Gould's Gorgeous Pleasures, and the Widow of Poverty Whose Life is a Hell. Capitalism the Home Disrupter. Other Notes

By Louise Harding
(Written for the HERALD.)

IN order to sustain her claim to a suitable allowance of \$120,000 annually, the spouse of Howard Gould testified in her recent divorce suit that in New York she was obliged to spend from six to twelve hours per day in changing costumes; that her wardrobe cost from \$30,000 to \$40,000 per year, day gowns figuring at \$500 and dinner gowns from \$500 to \$600; and that it was decidedly "bad form" to wear the same gown twice in public.

Mrs. Elizabeth Albert is a young widow who has worked many hours a day at something else than changing gowns with the assistance of a maid. She has never been able to earn more than \$10 a month and "found". Lately, she has been ill and cannot work at all. She cannot longer support her two-year-old child, although she probably waives proper "form" in the matter of wearing staid costumes more than once; and, gaunt and heart-broken, she appeals to a wealthy San Francisco woman to purchase her attractive little son and furnish her transportation to her mother back in Germany.

Two "homes" disrupted, and, so far as I know, Socialism not to blame in either case.

It is a pity that Mrs. Albert could not hear Cardinal Gibbons talk to the girl graduates of St. Joseph's college recently. He told them that they had a mission—in the home—and that if they entered the arena of politics they would be covered with its dust. "Nowhere," said he, "is woman so honored as in the United States. This is largely due to the chivalry and courtesy of the men, and if you are protected by the male sex what more do you want?"

Oh, fudge! There are hundreds of thousands of women in the United States who have shared Mrs. Albert's experience with the "chivalrous" wage-payers, and who consequently have been forced into a position so dishonorable that the "dust of the arena of politics" is now considered too good for them, and the possibility of their appearing at the ballot-box is urged as a reason why no woman shall be allowed to vote. And, if the interests of the graduates of St. Joseph's college are to lie chiefly in the home, does that mean that laws will not concern them there? What law is there that does not affect the home?

However, Mrs. Albert, and all her discontented fellow wage-workers, women or men, might thoughtfully peruse the quotation from St. Catherine of Siena which I noticed prominently displayed on the editorial page of *The New World* awhile ago:

"In suffering you will find your true sunshine—that is, the light of heaven. How foolish, then, it is, for those who suffer from any cause—poverty, ill health, persecution, injustice, or from any other cause—to throw away those opportunities of securing eternal happiness by complaining of God's justice instead of offering their suffering as a sacrifice to him who will right every wrong—if not here, hereafter."

In kingdom come, of course, the matter of Mrs. Albert's "gowns" and food supply will be fixed up in first-class shape.

The old soldiers at the national soldiers' home at Sawtelle, Calif., are complaining that their rations are scant and not nutritious, and are threatening to lay their troubles before congress. The superintendent of the home says that, inasmuch as these men were able to go four or five days without food during the civil war, he does not see why they can't put up with a few hardships now, and that he himself could easily live on two pounds of meat a month. What ails the veterans, anyhow? Do we not all continue to regard them with chivalrous respect?

The Italian workmen at the McClellan (Calif.) lumber camp went on strike. Gov. Gillette feared lest somebody might be mentally or physically annoyed around in that neighborhood, so he sent out the militia. They arrived on the spot promptly, and proceeded to raid the miserable cabins of the strikers, where the sheriff arrested five of the leaders for "inciting to riot and disturbing the peace." If any governor of a state, on receipt of information that a disastrous explosion might take place, would send out troops, and the sheriff would arrest a mineowner for plotting to "disturb the peace" by blowing up a hundred of his men—or, if the militia even appeared on the spot after the "accident" had taken place and ran all the mine operators out of the state, after the manner of the Cripple Creek incident—wouldn't some of you workmen fall dead with heart trouble brought on by the shock? But the people who talk about class government are demagogues and undesirables.

The Associated Charities of San Francisco were lately advertising for assistance for the youngest child of Juan Manuel Grijalva, who just then was not in financial circumstances to provide a cradle for the little one. Juan has had just thirty-five progeny, ten of whom he has entirely lost track of. He has also parted with three wives, of who are laid away to rest; the mother of the new member of the family is Mrs. Grijalva No. 4. Mr. Roosevelt should stop shooting monkeys and sit down to dictate a letter to Juan right away.

The Japanese plantation laborers

in Hawaii, who are the poorest paid on the island, have gone on strike for the magnificent sum of \$1 per day. Territorial Sheriff William Henry has introduced into Honolulu modern American methods of administering justice, by raiding the office of a newspaper in sympathy with the strikers. The sheriff admits that the search and seizure of documents were made by force of arms and without search warrant or process of law, but claims that the end justifies the means, as incriminating papers were discovered. He adds that the editor can appeal to the courts if he is not satisfied with the kind of treatment he has had thus far. Of course, he is at liberty to try the courts, and to get out of them just about what Editors Warren and Freeman Knowles have got. What more could any sensible person want in respect to "freedom of the press?" Nevertheless, Editor Negro, who was arrested, is threatening to bring court proceedings against the territory for \$500,000 damages.

It appears from a later dispatch that the strike was incited by wicked Japanese "anarchists," who pretended that they would help the laborers obtain a higher wage, but who really were engaged in a dark plot to collect money for themselves. Certainly, it would be an outrage if anyone except the plantation owners should take to robbing the poor Japanese workman. The government should investigate this conspiracy at once. It may turn out badly for the fieldworker, and is certainly inconveniencing the plantation owners very much.

Cal.

Cheap Courage

Bold and brave is Judge George Gray, in the estimation of the anti-labor editor of the *New York Nation*. "His manly independence was never displayed to better advantage," says the *Nation*, "than when he spoke out at Scranton last week on the cowardly and un-American boycott by the labor union." Perhaps so. But when he changed from an anti-imperialist in the senate to an imperialist on the Spanish war peace commission his manly independence was not displayed at all. It was, indeed, sufficiently concealed to secure him a place on the federal bench as his reward. When men like Judge Gray "speak out" on the "cowardly and un-American" conduct of the privileged interests, which not only generate the boycott among the labor unions, but practice it with exquisite cruelty for their own purposes, and when papers like the *Nation* applaud the "manly independence" of men like Judge Gray for doing this, we shall be glad to recognize the courage of the "outspeaker" and the genuineness of his applauder. But "manly independence" is too easy when it goes no further than smugly to denounce men when driven to desperation by fears of displacement from the bread-line. We should like to see some display of "manly independence" among the Judge Grays and the *New York Nations* toward

Endorsements of R. A. Dague's Pamphlet, "What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?"

The Seattle Tribune says: "This is a most useful pamphlet, which will thoroughly dissipate misconceptions that Socialism is an irreligious movement."

Ex-Senator J. W. Powell, of Goldfield, Nev., writes: "Send me some more of those pamphlets 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' I want to put them into the hands of the preachers I know. The leaflets are splendid—are unanswerable."

Ex-Senator E. K. Taylor, mayor of Alameda, Cal., Republican, writes: "I have read your very interesting pamphlet, 'What Is Socialism? What Is Capitalism?' and believe you have stated the case more briefly and more fully than any other author whose works I have read on the subject. A great difficulty with Socialism is a widespread ignorance and prejudice concerning it."

C. B. Messenger, Republican and editorial writer of Los Angeles, Cal., writes: "You have written a very convincing pamphlet. I do not know that I can say, 'almost thou persuadest me,' but I may, perhaps, in time, reach that condition. I am a little timid about putting full Socialism into practice."

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Social-Democratic Publishing Company, 343-344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

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SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

Published by the
MILWAUKEE SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC PUBLISHING COMPANY

344 Sixth Street Milwaukee, Wis.

FREDERIC HEATH VICTOR L. BERGER
Editor Associate

148 The Herald is Not Responsible for Opinions of its Contributors.

Official Paper of the Federated Trade Council of Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at the Milwaukee Postoffice as Second-Class Matter, August 30, 1901.

In response to frequent inquiries as to plays bearing on Socialist topics, suitable to be used by locals in amateur theatrical productions, the following address is given: Julius Hopp, Organizer Socialist Dramatic Movement, 44 W. Twentieth St., New York City.

John Collins and Dan A. White, who are doing special propaganda work in the Machinists and Iron Molders unions, under direction of the national office, are being cordially received. Several of the Iron Molders unions in Massachusetts have asked that Comrade White be sent back for return dates when arrangements can be made for big open meetings. In Illinois a number of Machinists' unions have called special open meetings or arranged Smoke Talks for Comrade Collins, and have requested return dates. Both organizers are with the unions of their trade five nights each week. On Saturdays and Sundays there are no union meetings, and these two nights are given to Socialist propaganda meetings arranged by the locals of the party.

It appears that Freeman Knowles of Deadwood, has lost out in his appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals from a sentence for sending alleged improper matter through the mails. Knowles published a paper and was incensed enough to print some reflections on the hypocritical morality that forced self-destruction upon a betrayed girl. "Laying aside for the moment," the capitalist sheets in which the immoralities of the Thaw trial were set forth, to finish the reading when they again had leisure, officers of the law seized Knowles and charged him with

THE CHRISTIAN SOCIALIST.

The Christian Socialist is unique among Socialist papers because it is both revolutionary and religious, both scientific and ethical in its appeal and makes its plea particularly strong to religious men. It has won hundreds of ministers and other religious people to Socialism. It is intensely interesting to all classes of people. Many agnostics declare it to be the best propaganda paper in the Socialist movement.

It is entirely non-sectarian and inter-denominational, working among people of all creeds. There have been a number of notable special editions, among them a Presbyterian, a Baptist, a Methodist, a Protestant Episcopal, a Temperance and a Catholic Special. You need it yourself and for propaganda. We will bring you several sample copies. 50c pays for the paper a whole year. Address 5623 Drexel avenue, Chicago.

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What to Read on Socialism

By Charles H. Kerr, Editor of the International Review, a highly beautiful printed paper, with many portraits of socialist writers. Includes a simple, concise statement of the principles of socialism. One copy free on request. 25c for 100 for \$2.50. For \$5.00, 500 for \$25.00. CHARLES H. KERR & CO., 153 Kinzie Street, Chicago, Ill.

JUST OFF THE PRESS!

The Saloon and the Home

What difference would it make in the saloon and drink question if every family in America had a decent HOME to live in? Would prohibition be an issue (if indeed it is) if there were no such thing as poverty? Get wise. Read—

"County Option"

("Where Labor Stands at Present On the Liquor Question")—by Senator Winfield R. Gaylord.
Prices—5c per copy, \$4.00 per hundred, \$37.50 per thousand—postage or express prepaid.

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Books You Need

KARL MARX—By Wilhelm Liebknecht.

A touching account of the life and heroism of Marx by the veteran Liebknecht, who shared his privation with him in the days when Socialism was more than unpopular and its foremost advocates were in exile. Cloth, 198 pages, price \$1.00.

SCIENCE AND THE WORKING-
MAN—By Ferdinand Lassalle.

This is an address made in court, in which Lassalle rebuked those who charged him with stirring up class hatred. It is of more than mere historical interest. Cloth, 48 pages, 5c.

Social-Democratic Herald, 344 34th St., Milwaukee

BERNARD LASSALLE—By Edward Bernstein.

Bernstein's "Lassalle" is the most reliable of the accounts of the wonderful achievements of Social-Democracy's first great agitator. Cloth, 198 pages, price \$1.00.

For it is only by exercising political power that women will get political wisdom.

And it is not true that women can influence the course of affairs without the ballot. It is not true

A Giant in the Dust

The iron, steel and tinplate workers are making a hard struggle against the United States Steel Corporation's pitiless fight upon every form of union labor. The 8,000 sheet and tinplate men are really the last remnant of the 60,000 union men formerly employed in the trust mills—they are the old guard who have stood by the once powerful Amalgamated association through thick and thin and vainly battled to recover the ground lost in other branches of the trust's mills. About eight years ago, when the giant combine was formed, a strike was ordered to compel the trust to sign for all mills, instead of pitting the union and non-union mills against each other, as was the policy inaugurated by the magnates. The struggle ended in a compromise, but it was actually a defeat, for the Amalgamated lost some 14,000 of its members.

More Stifling of the People

The New Hampshire legislature has adopted a tiling fee law which provides fees for candidates as follows: For governor, \$100; any other state officer, \$50; representatives in congress, \$50 each; for counselor, \$25; for state senators, \$10 each; for county officers, \$5 each; for representatives, \$2 each; all minor officers, \$1 each.

Rhode Island

At a mass convention of Rhode Island comrades held at Providence on July 11, Fred Hurst, Providence, was re-elected state secretary, and James P. Reid, Providence, national committee member. Another mass convention will be held on August 8, when a state ticket will be nominated and platform adopted.

Fleecings Returned.

New York, July 22.—The greatest bookkeeping office and clerical task ever undertaken has been almost completed, and in a remarkably short time. Nineteen weeks ago, the United States district court and the Consolidated Gas company, with its allied concerns, commenced the refunding of more than \$1,000,000 to nearly 1,000,000 consumers. This sum represented an overcharge of 20 cents on every dollar which had been paid for gas between the time the United States supreme court decided that the law was constitutional.

Free Patriotism.

A man's country is not a certain area of land—of mountains, rivers, and woods—but it is principle; and patriotism is loyalty to that principle.—George William Curtis.

Our Women's Circle

Conducted by Elizabeth H. Thomas

344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Although I am usually ready to cross the T's and dot the I's of Comrade Berger's excellent articles, I find that I must quarrel a little with his last editorial on the woman suffrage question.

Comrade Berger's position seems to be exceedingly inconsistent. He gives every possible reason against woman suffrage, yet concludes that we should stand by it, since it is in our platform. Surely, if half the ills he predicts would result from the woman suffrage plank, it would be our duty to knock it out of the platform forthwith. I suspect that Comrade Berger himself does not quite believe in the black picture he paints. Otherwise, he would arrive at this logical conclusion, and we might see our foremost American Socialist endorsing the attitude of the pope on the woman question.

It is an old rule of warfare, "Find out what your antagonist wants you to do, and then don't do it." The forces of reaction are earnestly bent against enfranchising women. That ought to give Social-Democrats the cue to work for it just as sincerely.

For the reactionary forces are acting on a true instinct. They know—and this is a painful fact—that their main power is based on the superstitions and ignorant woman. And they know, by an equally shrewd instinct, that any change which helps to make woman a complete human being will gradually raise her above their clutches—above the iron chain of stupidity and superstition.

"The cure for democracy is more democracy!" This is as true for women as for men. Are women unfitted for the ballot? Certainly. And the French revolutionists of the eighteenth century were fearfully unfit for democracy. And, with a sneer, the foes of progress pointed to the follies and crimes of the men of '93—"There is your fine liberty, fraternity and equality!" They wanted to thrust the French back into their dark dungeon because the light of freedom dazzled their eyes. But the French learned political wisdom through their own errors; until today they are perhaps the wisest, the most progressive and freest nation in the world.

The human race, unfortunately, has never been taught except by experience. Swimming cannot be learned on dry land. The longer this political education is denied to women the more dangerous will be the transition, when it comes at last. The longer one half of the race continues to progress without the other half the wider and more perilous will grow the gulf between the sexes, and the more critical will be the time when finally the gulf must be bridged.

For it is only by exercising political power that women will get political wisdom.

And it is not true that women can influence the course of affairs without the ballot. It is not true



This Is How Capitalistic Statesmanship "In the Interests of the Workman" Looks to London Insiders.

Western Miners Out of Debt

Denver, Col., President Moyer's annual report to the Western Federation of Miners was remarkable in many particulars. Perhaps the most remarkable feature was the wonderful growth which the report shows the organization has had in the last year, which was by far the most prosperous one the federation has yet seen.

One year ago the Western Federation of Miners was in debt to the extent of \$75,000. At the present time it does not owe a dollar. Moreover, the report shows that the membership has exactly doubled since the year 1906. The progress of the federation is looked upon as a triumph for industrial unionism, coupled with the right sort of an attitude on the question of political action. The Western Federation stands committed to Socialism.

Labor's Building Now Looms in Sight

(Continued from page 1.)

as some have seemed to think. It will be guaranteed by the Social-Democratic Publishing company, which has undertaken to pay all legitimate promotion expenses. To accomplish this, donations from all such as wish to help the movement own their own home will be received. There are many who desire to help, but cannot afford to purchase a share of stock at \$25. But no donations will be received or accepted for this purpose now. For the present, we do not want to dispose of the stock. It is going rapidly. And

why shouldn't it? Money invested in this enterprise is safe—yes, as safe as any investment can be made under present conditions. Why, then, should anyone leave money in the bank, drawing only 2½ or 3 per cent interest? Here's your chance to get 4 per cent while the building is being constructed, and very likely 6 per cent or more after that.

Still, while we are boosting this project, our readers and friends must not forget that there are other activities that must not be overlooked. In fact, the new building

UNION MADE PATTERNS

LADIES SHIRTWAIST.

Paris Pattern No. 1943

All Seams Allowed.

A simple tailor-made model, developed in plain white linen lawn, is here shown. Narrow tucks either side of the center front box-plaited closing give a very stylish effect and a wide tuck over the shoulders, attached to nearly the bust line, gives a broad-shouldered appearance which is always becoming. The left side is ornamented with a small breast pocket, and the one-piece plain sleeves are finished with deep points over the hands. If preferred, the regulating shirt sleeves may be used. The model is also adaptable to Victoria lawn, or Indian-head cotton. The pattern is in 7 sizes, 32 to 44 inches bust measure. For 32 bust the waist requires 2½ yards of material 20 inches wide, 2½ yards 24 inches wide, 3 yards 27 inches wide, 2½ yards 30 inches wide, or 2 yards 36 inches wide.

Price of Pattern, 25 Cents.

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The Builders' Column

By Teddy

I wonder, comrades, whether you really know what the national game of today is. No doubt, you think it is that great, enticing game called base ball; but it is not. In reality, the greatest and the most cunning game is trying to keep the millions at work and skimming them out of the things they produce, without awakening their suspicions of what is being done.

In other words it would be called kingcraft, or capitalism. This game has been played on your ancestors for years past and it has been worked on you ever since you were able to walk. It could not have been played on you all this time had you tried to come in contact with the truth. But the lies that were taught you by your capitalist rulers, covered not only your eyes, as to the moves they were making, but also put your nose to the grind stone when in your teens, which kept your brain gagged.

Now, then, if you can be kept from learning the facts of these national things, capitalists will be able to keep you working for their interest. Don't forget that upon your ignorance depends their millions and your continued slavery. Do not let some parasite own you any longer. History says, you are created free and equal. By letting yourself unto slavery, you transpire the meaning of this phrase which meant so much to our primeval republic or the "Land of the Free." The following prediction made by Abe Lincoln in 1865, has about been realized:

"I see in the near future, a crisis approaching that unnerves me, and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of war, corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudice of the people until all the wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the republic is destroyed."

He said a great deal more which has also come to pass. So we must stop all further efforts of our capitalists and put an end to their rule. The workers need guiding and you must help us act as their guide. Put them on the Herald subscription list and await results. What the workers need most is a Socialist paper that prints both sides and then figures out just where HE stands. The Herald is just such a paper; so put it where it belongs.

"Making Good"

Est ist gar kein use dass man talka
comrade? Your work will be instrumental in putting Manington on the Socialist map.

Here they are, these stunts, oaks who have put their sub. cards to the right end this week: Comrade Myer of Idaho, Spokesman of New Hampshire, O'Brien, Cohen and Fisher of Pennsylvania, "Cardwood" of Texas, Wallace of Washington, Hastings of Wyoming, and McDonald, Jess, Latimer and Sammons of Wisconsin.

"What's der name, please?" said Billy.
"Cory," said I—"Comrade Cory of Washington."

"Oh, ya? Now I don't know," said Billy.
"What? You DON'T know?" said I. "Better sneeze—your brain is dusty, boy."

Such was the squabble we had when I tried to recall to Billy's memory that Comrade Cory, who sent in eight new names this week, was the same party we sent a batch of sub. cards to some time ago.

Comrade West of West Virginia is still on the uphill drive, rearing in recruits on all sides. Our sub. cards got him started. Three to the good this week. Do you need more cards?

Comrade Adale of Pennsylvania also comes in, with a double-header, each for one year. He is at every opportunity, he gets, and helps uphold the motto "The Golden Rule vs. the Rule of Gold."

should not detract one iota from the Social-Democratic party is still meeting the deficit left over from spring and fall campaigns. It is strictly only to those who are looking for such a fine investment that we are now appealing. Remember, debt must be left by that time.

1909.

To E. T. Meigs, Secretary Milwaukee County Campaign Committee, 344 Sixth street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Find enclosed \$..... which please apply to Spring Campaign Fund, it being understood that the balance of said fund, if any, after all expenses of the campaign have been paid, is to be applied to the fall campaign deficit.

Name

Address

Time Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000. 600 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each.

To H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to H. W. Bistorius, treasurer, for each share so subscribed the sum of twenty-five dollars in four installments of twenty-five per cent each, due and payable quarterly after date on the next succeeding first days of January, April, July and October. Enclosed herewith find

for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance every three months thereafter as above enumerated. The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription to and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1910, and January 1, 1911.

No. of Shares

Subscriber

Amount

Address

Cash Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000. 600 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each.

To H. W. Bistorius, Treasurer.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares, of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, for which find enclosed

The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription to and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1910, and January 1, 1911.

No. of Shares

Subscriber

Amount

Address

Watch Bauer's "Ads" in This Paper

Milwaukee Co. Organization

Address all communications to E. T. Melms, County Organizer, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

The Polish Section promises a good time to all the comrades who attend its picnic next Sunday afternoon, July 25, at Hauerwas park, corner of Eighth and Manitoba avenues. The section has made arrangements to have Comrade Kockanowicz deliver an address during the afternoon. In addition to this, there will be a concert by Hauerwas band and games for the children. The profits of this picnic will be credited to the fund now being raised for the insurance of a Polish paper and for the educational work of the Polish Section. All comrades are cordially invited to attend.

Considerable credit must be given to the members of the West Side Socialist Women's Club for their hard labor in taking charge of the kitchen at our large picnic last Sunday afternoon. Hundreds of people were fed, and everybody was well pleased with the meals furnished. The picnic committee thank the staff for this work, for that, has been one of the problems of our picnic in the past—how to feed our guests. Several members of the South Side Women's Branch also aided in the work.

Next Sunday afternoon, July 25, will also be a red-letter day for the Young People's Socialist League, at the Social-Democratic baseball park, and it is expected that a large number of young people will turn out to give the players, as well as the young people attending, a grand reception. Ice cream will be served in the park by the members of the Young People's Socialist League, and all young people interested in having a good time, and also in boosting the work of the Young People's Socialist League, are cordially invited to attend.

TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"

WANTED—To do advertising for societies, merchants, etc. Low prices, quick service. RAPID ADDRESSING CO., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for initiation (expressions) letters, cannot be held from the original CO-OPERATIVE PRINTING, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition. This office.

WANTED—Branches and other societies to purchase their St. and Schatzkopf Score Cards, bearing the union label, from us. Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTING, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

FOR SALE—FOX HOUND PUPS, 10 weeks old, two. Prizes.

RECEIVED BOOKS, up to a box, with the union label, suitable for unions, branches, etc. Each, or two for \$5. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—For the use of Social-Democratic Branches, 100 warrants in a book for \$2. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

BRANCHES! We can now furnish you with 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound, with stub, only \$10. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTING, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

BUSINESS COLLEGE—WHO PICKS THE SCHOOL? Some appeal only to the boy. Select the school that meets the needs of the individual requirements of the individual. Refused class. Perfect discipline. Narrow men-teachers. Good companions. Vicious boys removed. Education prohibited. Character-building is our aim. Special attention to manners, neatness, culture, etiquette, etc., through a series of lessons. Vocabulary work also original with this school. Complete business and shorthand courses. First two months \$10. During July and August. Credit granted for monthly arrangements. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTING, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

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TRY A LOAD OF OUR
PineKinding
—AT—
The Mueller Fuel & Supply Co.
Office 3007 Brown St. Phone West 748

\$2.50
The Load is Equal in Bulk to Two Tons of Coal.
DELIVERED BY UNION TEAMSTERS

Building Houses?
When in doubt turn to your right
Architect and Builder
W. J. BUSCHER
350 Allen Street Milwaukee, Wis.

PARIS GREEN INSECT POWDER
and all insect destroyers at
Wenzel & Mueller Drug Co
Howell Avenue and Clarence Street

Now, Then, All Together!
Comrades, we have reached the thousand dollar mark by the time this paper reaches you. Remember that it is a very good showing since the month of May, and if we can keep this pace going for the next seven months we will have our deficit met and be ready for the spring campaign. So, let us all get busy and make a plunge for the two-thousand-dollar mark. Remember, every boost for the party is a knock to capitalism. Following are contributions sent in last week:

Previously reported \$814.45
Singing Society Vorwärts 25.00
Fourteenth Ward Branch 20.00
P. Walz 1.00
W. G. Gladding 1.50
H. Miller 50
Dr. P. B. Churchill 1.00
Dr. F. A. Kraft 2.00
D. White 1.00
W. F. D. 50
Boehert Bros 50
C. Rothweiler 50
P. B. 25
F. W. Becker 25
A. Friend 1.00
H. Huber 25
W. A. Arnold 1.00
Liebmann 1.00
W. Zastrow 25
M. Mies 1.00
J. Rummel 1.00
H. Ries 1.00
G. Mensing 5.00
E. Seidel 10.00
J. Wurdeman 2.00
Town of Lake 1.75
Tenth Ward Branch 10.00
H. Hirschfeld 1.00

Branch Meetings Next Week.
The following branch meetings will be held next week in Milwaukee county:

SUNDAY.
Slavonian Branch of Milwaukee, at Mattar hall, 163 Reed street.
Cudahy Branch, Cudahy Athletic Club rooms, Cudahy, Wis.
MONDAY.
County Central Committee, at Paschen's hall, 325 Chestnut street.
TUESDAY.
West Allis Branch, 5619 Greenfield avenue.
Twenty-first Ward Branch, Klossman's hall, 1432 Greenfield avenue.
Fifteenth Ward Branch, Kasten's hall, Nineteenth and Viet streets.
WEDNESDAY.
Jewish Section, Paschen's hall, 325 Chestnut street.
Danish Branch, Socialist home, 382 Washington street.
Nineteenth Ward Branch, Eckelmann's hall, 1109 Lisbon avenue.
THURSDAY.
Secretaries' meeting, 344 Sixth st.
FRIDAY.
Eleventh Ward Branch, Selaiff's hall, corner Mitchell and Muskego.

1909 Picnic Ticket Receipts.
Previously reported \$58.60
E. Kneusel 1.00
O. G. Litzman 1.00
Charles Schmidt 1.00
Otto Brann 1.00
George Mensing 1.00
And. Polmann 1.00
Hugo Jacob 1.00
Alois Kogel 1.00
Wm. P. Grolow 1.00
L. L. Arnold 1.00
J. C. Kleist 1.00
Herman Haack 1.00
A. C. Gallat 1.00
Unknown 1.00
William Genuich 1.00
Ed. Schall 1.00
E. Wedig 50
Alfred Illiger 1.00
J. M. Fink 1.00
Frank Trispel 1.00
Henry Rieger 50
Charles Luecke 1.00
E. Koschitzky 1.00
Brewers' Union No. 9 6.00
Frank Runkel 1.00
William Behme 1.00
Schoen Schweitzer 1.00
Mike Zebner 1.00
Chas. Brechner 1.00
Gust. Bestian 1.00
B. C. White 50
E. F. Westfield 1.00
Hugo Lenz 1.00
Fred. Schmitt 1.00
William A. Arnold 1.00
Coopers' Union No. 39 2.75
John Albrecht 1.00
Frank Runkel 1.00
William Petzold 1.00
Nicholas Weyer 1.00
Richard Bodenberger 1.00
Robert Waller 1.00
Albert Groth 1.00
L. Wojak 2.00
John Harter 1.00
Roman Klappa 1.00
Aug. Beckmann 1.00
Otto Baeyer 1.00
Edward Kuchowicz 1.00
Louis Vostred 1.00
M. G. Indra 40
Fred Strass 1.00
J. Buehning 1.00
H. J. Bosma 1.00
Brewers' Teamsters No. 72 5.00
C. O. Piper 1.00
John Vandenberg 1.00
Rud. Angelstein 1.00
Karl Klier 1.00
Frank Weyer 1.00
Frank Boness 1.00
J. Jensen 1.00
C. F. Buehning 1.00
A. D. Daemrich 1.00
J. S. Johnson 1.00
Benjamin Larson 1.00
Frank Collator 1.00
Fred. Maner 1.00
F. H. Thomas 1.00
Cash sale 20
Mrs. Henry Smith 20
Walter March 1.00
Fred. March 1.00
Herman Freischmidt 1.00
Journemen Horseshoers 3.75
Frank Kessery 1.00
Cash Sale 20
Frank N. Bery 1.00
Otto Illing 50
H. C. Todell 50
L. L. Arnold 1.00
J. Stoll 1.00
Jas. Sammer 1.00
Carl Bierbach 1.00
Ben Kermowski 1.00
Fred Rungel 1.00
Plasterers' Union No. 18 5.00
J. W. Bass 1.00
Henry Luther 1.00
Jul. Schachtel 1.00
Walter Stroesser 1.00
J. Protzman 20
Albert Hock 40
Jacob Kratochvil 10
E. Has. Pommer 1.00
E. J. Kasik 1.00
James Sheehan 1.00
Fritz Heil 1.00
Theo. Schetz 1.00
L. N. Stuart 1.00
John Brinker 1.00
Cigar Makers' Union No. 25 5.00

Base Ball
The Social-Democratic Base-Ball League.
Standing of the Clubs.
Wm. Lost. Pct.
20th Ward S.D. 4 2 467
17th Ward S.D. 1 3 500
21st Ward S.D. 2 3 500
Soc. Dem. Herald 2 3 400
Coming Nations 2 3 400
Results of Last Sunday's Games.
Coming Nations, 1, 21st Ward, 10, 20th Ward, 3, 17th Ward, 5.
Last Sunday's double-header at the Social-Democratic ball park was quite a surprise to those who attended. In the first game the Twenty-first Warders defeated the Coming Nations, in a one-sided game, by a score of 10 to 1; and in the second game the Seventeenth Warders trounced the Twentieth Warders by a score of 5 to 1.
Tomorrow, Sunday, July 25, will be a red-letter day at the park, and all the comrades want to make it their business to attend, without fail. The day has been set aside for the Young People's Socialist League clubs of the south and west sides. They are also going to supply the lake with ice cream when they get tired and weary of rooting for their favorite teams. The committee on arrangements predicts a large crowd. Now, comrades, turn out, young and old, and give the young people a royal reception. Of the money on the tickets sold by the young people's clubs outside of the park, 31 per cent will go into the treasury of the Young People's Socialist League. Now, let's all root, shout and bring the ladies along—you know they are all interested—let's make it a thousand strong next Sunday, without fail. You will all have a good time if you attend. Following is the schedule for tomorrow:
First game, 2 p.m.—Seventeenth Warders vs. Coming Nations.
Second game, 3:30 p.m.—Twentieth Warders vs. Social-Democratic Herald.
Batteries—Coming Nations, Deiter and Kiel; Seventeenth Warders, Dosch and Miller; Twentieth Warders, Ringholz and Wally; Social-Democratic Herald, Buss, Kendall and Hagerman.
In order to reach the park, take Howell avenue and Viet street cars. Transfers, south, can be obtained at Grand avenue and Third street, or south on Clinton and Mitchell streets. Cars run direct to the park gates, at the corner of Howell and Russell avenues.
Following are the scores by innings of last Sunday's games:
Coming Nations..... 1 0 1 0 0 0—1
17th Warders..... 0 4 0 3 0 1—10
20th Warders..... 0 2 0 1 0 0—3
17th Warders..... 2 0 0 1 0 0—5
C. Kuehnbecker..... 1.00
C. Nembold..... 1.00
A. Arnold..... 1.00
E. A. Rieker..... 50
W. A. Rieker..... 25
J. A. Rieker..... 25
L. Burckhardt..... 25
H. Zickuhr..... 25
G. Teske..... 1.00
Dr. E. Hoeche..... 1.00
Goodman Bros..... 25
H. P. B..... 25
H. Baumann..... 25
Frank Kellerman..... 25
Jas. Elser..... 50
Henry T. Schmitt..... 25
A. R..... 1.00
Adolph Seifert..... 25
F. C. Kunz..... 25
G. S. H..... 25
F. Brockhausen, Jr..... 25
J. Hassman..... 10.00
E. Kluckow..... 5.00
V. L. Berger..... 5.00
M. Moerschel..... 5.00
P. Capito..... 2.64
George Grodzki..... 25
Anton Wetzel..... 25
Christ Boelcher..... 50
O. Traczewitz..... 1.00
Alfred Groth..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 1.00
R. K..... 25
C. J. K..... 25
L. E..... 25
Frederic Heath..... 50
C. H. G..... 25
W. D..... 25
C. B. Dittman..... 25
Dan Schmalow..... 25
Frank Strehlow..... 1.00
Robert Buech..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 25
George Mueller..... 25
Carl Biersach..... 25
Wm. Der Hyde..... 25
R..... 50
A. Friend..... 2.00
E. Joergensen..... 1.00
Charles S. Klopff..... 1.00
Albert W. Muehlenberg..... 50
Paul Strehlow..... 25
Fred W. Peterson..... 1.00
Henry Behn..... 25
Louis Neaher..... 25
J. C. K..... 50
Frank Boness..... 20.00

Comrades, do your shopping at the places of our advertisers, and let them know why you buy there.

IT PAYS To Keep An Eye On The Big Grocery
Real Bargains every day especially in the Fruit Line.
See us often and profit thereby.
PRITZLAFF & WINK
582-584 Mitchell St.

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A. Arnold..... 1.00
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W. A. Rieker..... 25
J. A. Rieker..... 25
L. Burckhardt..... 25
H. Zickuhr..... 25
G. Teske..... 1.00
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Goodman Bros..... 25
H. P. B..... 25
H. Baumann..... 25
Frank Kellerman..... 25
Jas. Elser..... 50
Henry T. Schmitt..... 25
A. R..... 1.00
Adolph Seifert..... 25
F. C. Kunz..... 25
G. S. H..... 25
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Alfred Groth..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 1.00
R. K..... 25
C. J. K..... 25
L. E..... 25
Frederic Heath..... 50
C. H. G..... 25
W. D..... 25
C. B. Dittman..... 25
Dan Schmalow..... 25
Frank Strehlow..... 1.00
Robert Buech..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 25
George Mueller..... 25
Carl Biersach..... 25
Wm. Der Hyde..... 25
R..... 50
A. Friend..... 2.00
E. Joergensen..... 1.00
Charles S. Klopff..... 1.00
Albert W. Muehlenberg..... 50
Paul Strehlow..... 25
Fred W. Peterson..... 1.00
Henry Behn..... 25
Louis Neaher..... 25
J. C. K..... 50
Frank Boness..... 20.00

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Tomorrow, Sunday, July 25, will be a red-letter day at the park, and all the comrades want to make it their business to attend, without fail. The day has been set aside for the Young People's Socialist League clubs of the south and west sides. They are also going to supply the lake with ice cream when they get tired and weary of rooting for their favorite teams. The committee on arrangements predicts a large crowd. Now, comrades, turn out, young and old, and give the young people a royal reception. Of the money on the tickets sold by the young people's clubs outside of the park, 31 per cent will go into the treasury of the Young People's Socialist League. Now, let's all root, shout and bring the ladies along—you know they are all interested—let's make it a thousand strong next Sunday, without fail. You will all have a good time if you attend. Following is the schedule for tomorrow:
First game, 2 p.m.—Seventeenth Warders vs. Coming Nations.
Second game, 3:30 p.m.—Twentieth Warders vs. Social-Democratic Herald.
Batteries—Coming Nations, Deiter and Kiel; Seventeenth Warders, Dosch and Miller; Twentieth Warders, Ringholz and Wally; Social-Democratic Herald, Buss, Kendall and Hagerman.
In order to reach the park, take Howell avenue and Viet street cars. Transfers, south, can be obtained at Grand avenue and Third street, or south on Clinton and Mitchell streets. Cars run direct to the park gates, at the corner of Howell and Russell avenues.
Following are the scores by innings of last Sunday's games:
Coming Nations..... 1 0 1 0 0 0—1
17th Warders..... 0 4 0 3 0 1—10
20th Warders..... 0 2 0 1 0 0—3
17th Warders..... 2 0 0 1 0 0—5
C. Kuehnbecker..... 1.00
C. Nembold..... 1.00
A. Arnold..... 1.00
E. A. Rieker..... 50
W. A. Rieker..... 25
J. A. Rieker..... 25
L. Burckhardt..... 25
H. Zickuhr..... 25
G. Teske..... 1.00
Dr. E. Hoeche..... 1.00
Goodman Bros..... 25
H. P. B..... 25
H. Baumann..... 25
Frank Kellerman..... 25
Jas. Elser..... 50
Henry T. Schmitt..... 25
A. R..... 1.00
Adolph Seifert..... 25
F. C. Kunz..... 25
G. S. H..... 25
F. Brockhausen, Jr..... 25
J. Hassman..... 10.00
E. Kluckow..... 5.00
V. L. Berger..... 5.00
M. Moerschel..... 5.00
P. Capito..... 2.64
George Grodzki..... 25
Anton Wetzel..... 25
Christ Boelcher..... 50
O. Traczewitz..... 1.00
Alfred Groth..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 1.00
R. K..... 25
C. J. K..... 25
L. E..... 25
Frederic Heath..... 50
C. H. G..... 25
W. D..... 25
C. B. Dittman..... 25
Dan Schmalow..... 25
Frank Strehlow..... 1.00
Robert Buech..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 25
George Mueller..... 25
Carl Biersach..... 25
Wm. Der Hyde..... 25
R..... 50
A. Friend..... 2.00
E. Joergensen..... 1.00
Charles S. Klopff..... 1.00
Albert W. Muehlenberg..... 50
Paul Strehlow..... 25
Fred W. Peterson..... 1.00
Henry Behn..... 25
Louis Neaher..... 25
J. C. K..... 50
Frank Boness..... 20.00

Base Ball
The Social-Democratic Base-Ball League.
Standing of the Clubs.
Wm. Lost. Pct.
20th Ward S.D. 4 2 467
17th Ward S.D. 1 3 500
21st Ward S.D. 2 3 500
Soc. Dem. Herald 2 3 400
Coming Nations 2 3 400
Results of Last Sunday's Games.
Coming Nations, 1, 21st Ward, 10, 20th Ward, 3, 17th Ward, 5.
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F. C. Kunz..... 25
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F. Brockhausen, Jr..... 25
J. Hassman..... 10.00
E. Kluckow..... 5.00
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George Grodzki..... 25
Anton Wetzel..... 25
Christ Boelcher..... 50
O. Traczewitz..... 1.00
Alfred Groth..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 1.00
R. K..... 25
C. J. K..... 25
L. E..... 25
Frederic Heath..... 50
C. H. G..... 25
W. D..... 25
C. B. Dittman..... 25
Dan Schmalow..... 25
Frank Strehlow..... 1.00
Robert Buech..... 1.00
A. Friend..... 25
George Mueller..... 25
Carl Biersach..... 25
Wm.

Capitalism Sheds Blood in Kenosha

No matter if the striking tannery workmen at Kenosha did lose their patience and riot after being fired upon, the public must feel sympathy for men striving for a wage that will permit them to live like human beings and give their dear ones a decent living also.

The strikers had a committee calling on the tannery lords, and this committee was fired out "politely" and the incensed workmen evidenced their feeling, and then a deputy started the murder game by shooting one of the strikers. After the capitalist side had appealed to guns, the rioting that followed was only what might have been expected.

And capitalism was only, at that, reaping the whirlwind after having sown the wind—for the tanneries had exploited immigration to get cheaper grades of labor—newly arrived Slovaks, etc.—and when these uncultured foreigners find themselves fired upon the sometimes have the bad manners of also replying with bricks.

The anxiety of the capitalists in control of the state militia to dish out a lot of cold lead to the tanneries at Kenosha, who are fighting on the defensive for better citizenship, is all too apparent. Col. Falk fairly

Official Thugs Open Fire!

Kenosha, Wis., July 23.—Three men were shot (one of them dangerously) and possibly a score of others were injured by sticks and stones during a riot at the strike-bound plant of N. R. Allen Sons Tannery Company here today.

Those shot were strikers. Violence began with an attempt to open the plant today, and after the company, it is said, had refused to treat further with a committee of the strikers demanding higher wages.

Shots Are Fired. The first shot is said to have wounded a striker. It is alleged to have been fired by one of the deputies guarding the plant. The sale of firearms has been prohibited, but many of the strikers are known to be armed.

Two deputies were badly beaten with clubs, and were sent to a hospital.

The present trouble seems to be the culmination of a long series of labor troubles at the tannery plant.

drives at the month in anticipation of the enjoyable opportunity.

If the state troops are ordered

to Kenosha, they had better train their guns on the tannery lords and their paid tools, and do their intimidating in that direction—for the reports show that it was the strikers who got the bullets and broken heads, although the other side claims to be the "law and order" side.

tal abstinence, and was finally dropped from the force.

And the story goes that Bill then began to talk, and to talk freely, about sundry and various things that were supposed to be inner administration secrets—some that were anything but reputable.

And then Bill was hastily summoned to headquarters, so the story continues, and fixed up with a competence for the rest of his days—and after that Bill didn't talk with anybody about inner affairs!

Union Cemetery ought to be relocated. It ought to be moved out well into the country—and better now than later, instead of adding land to it in its present location and then having to move any way later on. The city should acquire the place as a park. The residents around the cemetery are much opposed to its being extended, and righteously so. If it should acquire added land there should be provision for streets through it, or at least between the old and the new part. Ald. Melms pointed this out in Monday's council meeting, much to the distress of Ald. Fass, the spoliage undertaker. Fass talked as if he already had his black gloves on, and as if he had a professional claim on any subject relating to the disposal of the dead. But he could not get around Melms' statement that such a street divided Forest Home cemetery and that it was bridged to allow funerals to pass from one part to the other.

The city has decided, on Ald. Weiley's initiative, to afford the people free swimming in the river near Folsom place bridge. The only delay appears to be with the park board.

The park will be the most popular place in summer when the swimming starts there—and that's why the park board should get busy.

This will be a great boon for the people, especially the young folks. The river water is more temperate than the lake water, and the location selected is a famous place for such diversion.

The plan is to use city polling booths, temporarily, fitted up for dressing rooms. The shallow water will be roped off, for the protection of those unable to swim, and there will be attendants present to watch against accidents and in other ways make the place orderly and suitable. The members of the park board have expressed great interest in the plan, and it is to be hoped that there will be no more delay.

The park can be reached by the new Center street car line, as that line crosses over the Folsom place bridge.

Labor and Class Conflict

Selection from the Report of Secy.-Treas. Brockhausen to the State Federation of Labor

WISCONSIN BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

It is but natural that we should be deeply concerned about this one state department, as it deals in a large measure with our class and its ups and downs, especially the sufferings and demoralization under capitalism of our women and children. The following paragraphs call attention to the 13th biennial report of the bureau, and should be carefully studied by yourselves and by all persons in whom you can possibly arouse sufficient interest to read, discuss or debate the contents of the report. I sincerely hope that at least all of you present at this convention will get your organizations sufficiently in-

You Can Afford to Hold Your Head Up High--We Keep the Prices Down

UNDER THE HAMMER
OF PROGRESSIVE ENERGY
PRICES GO DOWN

25c Boston Garters
15c

Men's 25c and 35c Wash Ties 2 for 25c
Men's 20c Wash Ties.... 3 for 25c

Men's Negligee Shirts
Men's Negligee Shirts, 50c and 75c values, under the hammer 39c
Men's \$1.25 and \$1.50 Negligee Shirts at 95c
Men's \$1.50 and \$1.75 Shirts at \$1.15

Men's \$12 & \$15 Suits Under the hammer \$8.75
Men's \$15.00 Suits Under the hammer \$9.75
Men's \$18 to \$20 Suits Under the hammer \$12.50
Men's \$22.00 Suits Under the hammer \$14.75
Men's 50c Porosknit Underwear the garment 29c

25c Paris Garters 19c

CHICAGO SUNDAY TRIBUNE: JUNE 27

MEN'S CLOTHING PRICES SOAR

Tariff Expectations Shoot Values in New York Sky High.

LOCAL MEN MAKE COMMENT

Not Inclined to Blame Advance Entirely on Legislation.

New York, June 26.—In anticipation of the effect of the present provisions of the tariff bill, the price of men's clothing has been sent sky high within a week. Clothing dealers report that suits that could be bought a week ago for \$25 are now being marked to \$35.

Simple worsteds and woollens have all taken a 35 per cent rise in the last few days. Coupled with the expected tariff effect is the increased cost of secured wool, which a year ago cost 40 cents a pound and which now is quoted at 75 cents.

Clothing sellers look upon the situation with much satisfaction, their position being much stronger than it has been in many years.

ADVANCE IS VERIFIED HERE

Chicago manufacturers have already discovered that the price of woollen cloth has advanced 25 to 30 per cent over prices which prevailed last year. There is some conflict as to the wheeler of this advance but the prevailing impression among men's clothing manufacturers seems to be that the proposed increase in the tariff is solely contributory to the rise in price.

I have just returned from New York, said Harry Hart, "where I have spent some time studying the situation. There is no doubt about the rise in the price of woollen cloth but so far as I have been able to learn (that, in duping principally, is the increase in the price of the raw material both in this country and on the other side).

Says Market Is Merely Recovering.

The reason for the rise, I think, is that last year the demand was poor owing to the fact that the country had not begun to recover from the panic, so that the present price represents more nearly a normal condition. Of course if the tariff was to be taken off of wool entirely the yarn and cloth would be much cheaper here than they are now or if there was any prospect that the new tariff would put wool on the free list there would not likely be a disposition on the part of the mills to advance prices now, but at the same time I do not think it is a fair statement to say that this present advance is in anticipation of higher duties.

The advance in the price of clothing will be proportionate to the increase in wools, I doubt if it will amount to more than a suit that, I should say that a suit has formerly sold for \$30 will now sell for \$25.

Schaffner is also of the opinion that the advance in the price of

Our Men's Straw Hats

are pretty well broken up in sizes. So are the prices. That's why it pays you to find out if we can fit you. Soft and Derby Hats at under the hammer prices.

Boys' \$1 Wash Suits at..... 59c
Boys' \$1 Knee Pants at..... 59c
Boys' 75c Knee Pants..... 48c

Men's \$3 and \$3.50 Oxfords at..... \$2.15

LACHENMAIER & CO.
CORNER THIRD AND STATE

Town Topics by the Town Crier

With Dave Rose a quitter—or claiming to be one—before the continual agitation and exposure of the Social Democrats, one wonders if I, John Beggs will be the next.

Will the park board please explain the delay in the setting up of the public bathhouse on the river at Gordon park? They are needed now—not after the best part of summer is over.

Dave Rose seems to have been called in for repairs. Evidently his work was doing more to help the Prohibitionists than the brewery lords. The brewers ought to put their cause in the hands of a man that is at least clean and has a clean reputation.

Vitally, an artful dodger is the ex-garbage plant manipulator, Tax Commissioner Schütz. It is a wonder he did not emulate the naive Tom Taggart, who, asked on the witness stand what was meant by white slavery, and ask where River street was located!

The tannery lords and their hirelings at Kenosha first shoot at the strikers.

Then, fearing what might naturally be expected to come as a result of such conduct, they appeal to the state troops to come and preserve order!

It is easy to see on which side the necessity for order exists.

The kickers over the Lake park street car service are busy, and it is well that Mr. Beggs should be made to feel the temper of the people. We urge as many men to sign as can do so conveniently. If you do not receive any of the blank cards, take a postal and write out

your kick against whatever car line you use, and send it in.

Every person, man, woman and child, who has been ground to butcher meat under Beggs' cars these past few years has simply been murdered by the street railway company.

Their deaths were preventable deaths, deaths that would not have happened in other big cities where cars are fitted out with air-brakes.

The street car butchery in Milwaukee has been simply horrible. The people demand air-brakes—and

tam quick, too, Mr. Beggs!

The Rose gang, plus the goo-goo aldermen, are ready, as usual, to give Beggs anything he wants and to allow him to sneak their valuable rights away from the people, with the people helpless to prevent it.

But the people are represented in the common council by the Social-Democratic aldermen—and they are on the job.

They say that if Beggs gets anything more out of Milwaukee he must render an equivalent, and even yield some of the recently provisions against the people's rights that were put in that infamous blanket franchise that Rose gave the street railway in 1900.

Dead men tell no tales!

Ex-Detective Bill Koeller is dead. He had been out of the police department for years on a pension.

Koeller was well liked, but developed a frequent aversion to to-

DID YOU EVER HEAR OF Franz's Summer Garden

Just a Nice Cool Spot, where you can take your Refreshments under big shady trees

Concert Every Sunday Afternoon and Evening

Ladies and Gentlemen Cordially Invited

Respectfully yours, MAX FRANZ

YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIALIST LEAGUE DAY

Social-Democratic Base Ball Park

Cor. Howell and Russell Aves. (South Side)

Following Socialist Teams Will Play

S.-D. Heralds vs. 20th Ward S.D.

17th Ward S.D. vs. Coming Nations

Tomorrow
July 25

One Admission 15c
Grand Stand 10c Extra

First Game 2 P. M.
Second Game 3:45 P. M.

NOW LET US ALL TURN OUT AND GIVE THE YOUNG PEOPLE

A GRAND RECEPTION BRING THE LADIES

If You Want to Enjoy Yourself, Don't Fail to Attend

interested to apply to the State Bureau of Labor at Madison, Wis., for copies of this report.

The Thirteenth Biennial Report of the Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics.

Part I deals with Industrial Accidents and Employers' Liability in Wisconsin. It gives statistics concerning the accidents that are reported by physicians and accidents. The expense of settling claims for damages on account of accidents is described from the standpoint of both the employee and the workman. A summary is given of one present law of negligence, the unsatisfactory working of this law is pointed out and a summary is given of European laws on the subject. This part was published in October, 1908.

Part II gives statistics of manufacturers in Wisconsin arranged by industries. The average rate of wages is given for the leading occupations in each industry. This part was published late in 1908.

Part III is entitled Industrial Hygiene and Police Power. An address is printed that was delivered by Dr. H. B. Favill at the International Tuberculosis Congress. The opinion of Judge Marshall declaring the Tenement House Law of 1907 unconstitutional is also given to illustrate the limits of the Police Power of the Legislature. This part was published in December, 1908.

Part IV is a record of the work of the factory inspectors and free employment offices. It gives statistics of positions filled, of child labor permits issued, and gives the name of every factory inspected with the number of employees in each. This part was published in February, 1909.

Part V is a record of the work of the bakery inspector and also gives the proceedings word for word of the Bakers' Institute in Milwaukee. This is a store-house of knowledge for those interested in bread-making. This part was published in March, 1909.

Part VI describes in great detail the Labor Conditions in the Public Utilities of Wisconsin. It shows the kind of work the men have to do in water, electric light and gas plants, the specific wages paid and the hours for work, etc. This part was published in May, 1909.

Part VII describes the work of women in Milwaukee tanneries, showing not only the earnings and hours and nature of work done by the girls and women, but giving also detailed information concerning the family of each. This part will come from the press the third week in June, 1909.

In my report you will notice that I make several references to class interests in legislation. As one reason for this I call your attention to the fact that as long as we have businessmen legislatures and businessmen's administrations the labor bureau will never be so financed, equipped and efficient as your needs require. The rascally businessmen will not have all their sins disclosed, nor their graft seriously interfered with.

When the Bureau proceeds to enforce the loophole laws made forth by the capitalistic legislatures, another trouble begins with the corporation lawyers and the courts, some of which are openly defying the Bureau and its factory inspectors when prosecuting violations. It is particularly child-labor cases that are hard to handle, and for a long time a large portion of the trouble has come from Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, and other Fox River Valley districts. Permits are carelessly issued on application from the clergy, which prevents the judges, who are a part of the issuing officers, from passing on the physical fitness of the child to stand the work applied for, and also leaves the judges in ignorance as to the ability of the children to read and write and to ascertain their color of hair and eyes, as required to be inserted in the permit. More recent investigations show that permits are issued by both municipal and county judges without regard to the recent law, and they charge a fee as high as \$1.00 in some cases for issuing permits. The result of this rotten state of affairs is

that sore eyed and puny children are at work for \$1.50 and \$2.00 per week; these children suffer exceedingly under the jobbing system, as, for instance, is practiced by the Menasha Wooden Ware Company.

Some of the county and municipal judges have in course of time agreed to enforce the law and quit abusing the Bureau and its assistants, while others still continue to interpret the laws in favor of the employers. Of these, County Judge Levi Billings of Rhineland is one, his term expires 1910. Another is County Judge Chas. E. Armin of Waukesha; he has issued fifty-two irregular permits and is considered very antagonistic; his term, it should be borne in mind, expires in 1911.

The bounds of capitalism and those who profit thereby have degraded to an unlimited disregard of all human consideration. Under past systems of exploitation they had some responsibility to those who performed the manual labor, because they were a part of the ownership of the land and other grants of exploitation. Under our system of exploitation (wage slavery) the wage-workers in a sense are free, that is, free to work or starve, but work they must, and with apparent cheerfulness they perform the world's work in order to exist, while the iron law of competition and capitalistic exploitation grinds them to death.

Under the pretense of relief the preachers pray that the capitalists may be charitable, the politicians promise and orate, and the lawyers and the courts bow in humble obedience to the powers that be, and of late clamors for respect and patriotism are heard, fearing, as I take it, the handwriting on the wall. Professors, editors, educators and men and women of grand intellects with few exceptions humiliate and degrade themselves at the will and whim of the powerful tormentor (capitalism). Shamelessly, but with brutish accuracy, does it continue its terrible work of destruction of all that is noble in man. Its irresistible law is exploitation. Guilty of its misdeeds and conscious of resistance, capitalism with its favored few is well fortified, with the salable creep in society, the bludgeon and the shot and shell, to protect its loot.

PABST PARK
—FOR REST, RECREATION AND AMUSEMENT
BIGGER, BETTER AND BRIGHTER THAN EVER
20—HIGH CLASS AMUSEMENTS AND CONCESSIONS—20
TOMORROW, SUNDAY, JULY 25, BREWERS' DAY
SPECIAL FEATURES AFTERNOON AND EVENING
MAYR'S FAVORITE MILWAUKEE BAND and HIRSCHORN'S TYROLEAN SINGERS Every Afternoon and Evening
GREAT CARVER SHOW and ACTING POLAR BEARS
Daily at 9 P. M. Special Mats. Friday, Saturday and Sunday Afternoons.
Ladies Adm. Free to Park Free Friday Afternoons. Dancing Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Evenings. Admission 10c; Children Under 12 Accompanied by Parents Free. Take Third Street Car or Milwaukee Northern
TODAY, JULY 24, PYTHIAN DAY.